Morning Oregonian.

VOL. 25. NO. 7732. PORTLAND, OREGON, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1885. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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Price Baking Powder Co., Chicago, Ills. St. Louis, Mo. Toronto.

Sears, Fleming Bros.:

Sirs,—I take this opportunity of informing you of the benefits I have derived from *Dr. C. McLane's Liver Pills.* I have for two years past been afflicted with a severe pain over the eyes, accompanied with a nervousness and sense of dizziness, a malady beyond the power and skill of our physicians to relieve and cure, caused, as far as I myself could judge, by a diseased state of the liver and stomach. Some of the doctors termed bleeding and various other remedies were tried, but all in vain, for the deep-rooted disease still stuck fast. At last, I procured a box of your valuable Liver Pills from a druggist here, and, following the directions accompanying each box, before taking a portion of them, that terrible diseased and painful sensation over the eyes have almost entirely left me. I will close by advising all those afflicted as I have been, to procure the valuable medicine at once and save much time and pain, and little expense. With sincere gratitude and respect, I remain, yours respectfully,

GEO. W. RUSSELL, Toronto.

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams, No. 248 Seventh street, testify that they have both been suffering with the liver complaint for about five years, during which time they have spent a large number of money and tried many remedies, but to no purpose. Finally, hearing of *Dr. C. McLane's Liver Pills*, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., they purchased a box, and before they took according to the directions accompanying each box, commenced to themselves perfectly cured of that distressing disease.

THE ONLY GENUINE DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, Are the Dr. C. McLane's Liver Pills, PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FRESH 2 MEXICAN TEA.

Now refreshing, now like a beneficent sleep comes to one who, for tiresome days and nights, has tossed about seeking the rest he could not find, burning with fever or shaking with cold, utterly worn out and prostrated. Do you ask what wrought this wonderful change? Emil Frese's Humboro Tea, the great blood purifier. It is wonderful in its effects, restores the appetite, and the loss of waste caused by disease, like magic. Keep it by you.

SCROFULA.

A girl in my employ has been cured of constitutional Scrofula by the use of Swift's Specific.

(This gentleman is father of the Governor of Ga.)

Nonestars millions could not buy for me what Swift's Specific has done for me. It cured me of scrofula of 15 years standing.

MRS. ELIZABETH BARNS, Acworth, Ga.

BETTER.—After suffering with tetter for eleven years, and having all sorts of treatment, I was relieved entirely by Swift's Specific. L. H. Lee, Dawson, Ga.

SNATCHED FROM THE GRAVE.—I was brought "death's door" by a combination of poisons and erysipelas, from which I had suffered for three years. Was treated by several physicians, all to no purpose, failing to give me relief. Six bottles of Swift's Specific have saved sound and well by the use of Swift's Specific. MRS. SARAH E. TURNER, Hamilton, Texas.

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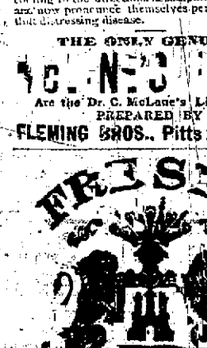

Removes Freckles, Pimples, Tan, Moth Patches, Rash & Skin Diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 38 years, and is harmless as we have tested it, to be sure the proper preparation is made. Ask your druggist for it, and take no counterfeit of similar name. The distinguished Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut ton, a patient: "As you ladies must use them, I recommend Gouraud's Cream as the least harmful of all the preparations." One bottle will last six months, using it every day. Also Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair without injury to the skin. Misses. M. B. T. GOURAUD, Sole Props., 48 Bond st., N. Y. For sale by all druggists in Canada and Europe. Beware of base imitations. $1000 reward for arrest and proof to any one selling same.

Please to send me the address of an eastern friend to whom I may send a sample copy. The best medium to circulate it.

WASHINGTON.

The Senate Passes the Indian Appropriation Bill.

THE HOUSE REFUSES TO AID GRANT

A Contest for Papers of Andrew Jackson—Randall's Plan for a Navy Adopted in Committee—The Silver Bill—Etc.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The chair laid before the senate a memorial from the legislature of Arizona, urging that certain coal fields in the White mountains Indian reservation be separated from the reservation, and the right of the discoverers thereof be recognized; referred.

The postoffice appropriation bill was laid before the senate, and referred.

After some discussion the senate proceeded with consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. Vest read a letter from the governor of Montana, saying that notwithstanding the relief afforded by the government the condition of the Indians in parts of Montana, from exposure and starvation, was pitiable in the extreme. It was useless, in Vest's opinion, to say, "let the Indian work or die" that was simply saying "let them die." You might as well say to a child in the cradle, "God to work or die." We were under much more Christian obligation to these heathens in our own territories than to heathens in Asia and Africa, but no starving Indian had ever been brought to a realizing sense of Christianity. After further debate Vest's amendment to increase the emergency fund from $25,000 to $50,000 was agreed to.

The anti-foreign labor bill was then formally placed before the senate, but on Dawes' suggestion was unanimously laid aside, to continue consideration of the Indian appropriation bill.

A LONG DEBATE.

A debate arose on the Senate committee's amendment, striking from the house bill the provision prohibiting the carrying of intoxicating liquors into the Indian country.

Blair said the only change made by the house amendment was to increase the penalty for breach of the existing law and it should be agreed to.

Dawes said the committee regarded it as general legislation, and felt compelled, in observance of the senate rule, to strike out the provision.

Blair strenuously opposed striking out the provision.

After argument the senate sustained the contention of Dawes, and struck out legislation.

Plumb hoped the senate would not agree to the proposition to strike out from the house bill the section authorizing the president of the United States to negotiate with Creek, Seminole and Cherokee Indians for surrender of their remaining rights in the so-called Oklahoma lands.

Dawes thought the proposition, if in a separate bill and not in the appropriation, would be wise, but it had no proper place in this bill; besides the committee on Indian affairs was expected to investigate the subject at the coming session.

Plumb felt that this question was the most urgent and important that could be considered by the senate. He hoped the house provision would be retained.

VEST ON THE OKLAHOMA TROUBLE.

Vest did not think the spirit of the senate rule would exclude matter germane to an appropriation bill, and strongly urged retention of the Oklahoma clause. It was no secret, Vest said, that a raid was now being organized more formidable than any that ever existed, to go into the Oklahoma country, and touch had distributed its handbills all over the west, calling for volunteers. Every mail from the west brought to senators the inquiry, "When can we go to Oklahoma?" The other day Vest received a two-dollar bill from a man, who said he wanted him (Vest) to take that money and initiate proceedings to secure him a homestead in Oklahoma. [Laughter.] The man was a newcomer in Missouri, Vest was happy to say, and not an old resident of the state. The last raid had come to an end, in Vest's opinion, more because of starvation than anything else. Had Coxey and his men been furnished with supplies, as well as they had been with arms, there would have been a terrible spectacle presented to the people of the United States of armed conflict between troops and citizens. "Let us make no mistake," said Vest. "Men that are going into that country are western men, used to arms. They believe they have a right to go there; they believe a United States court has decided they have that right." Letters from the west are filled with the question: Why is it that cattlemen can go in there and take up millions of acres of the public domain, while a poor man cannot get a home. Vest believed if congress left the question where it was now there would be a conflict in the spring. Vest did not believe this people had encouragement, whatever, for the belief they were said to entertain, that the administration of Cleveland would favor their plan. He, as senator, was prepared to support the incoming administration in following up the course pursued by the last, but he solemnly declared his belief that the provision which it was now proposed by the senate committee to strike out was the only avenue to peace.

THE BILL IS PASSED.

Beck said as there was sufficient authority in the executive to meet any emergency of the character referred to by Vest, and good citizens ought to support the administration, he saw no reason for keeping in this provision for legislation.

On the question coming to a vote the provision was stricken out.

Plumb offered an amendment of somewhat similar tenor to that stricken out, but this, too, was voted down as being legislation.

Consideration of the bill having been completed, Manderson and Miller (California) endeavored, but in vain, to replace in the senate some legislative provisions stricken out in committee of the whole.

The bill then passed, substantially as reported from the senate committee.

Hale called up the agricultural appropriation bill, but at Plumb's suggestion it went over till to-morrow.

Sawyer, from the committee on postoffices and post-roads, reported favorably, without amendment, what is known as the subsidy clause proposed by Frye to the postoffice appropriation bill.

A bill was introduced by Voliph, making Seattle and Tacoma, Washington territory, ports of delivery; referred.

After an executive session the senate adjourned.

House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The house met in continuation of Friday's session, and immediately went into committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill. Considerable progress was made in reading the bill.

When the committee rose the house adjourned, and the session of Monday began.

Reagan offered a resolution requesting the secretary of the treasury to transmit information in regard to the issue of ranch cattle traffic in the western states and territories, with special reference to the bearings of that traffic on the internal and foreign commerce of the United States; referred.

The senate amendment to the army appropriation bill was non-concurred in, and a conference committee appointed.

THE GRANT RETIREMENT BILL.

Slocum, under instructions from the military committee, moved to suspend the rules and pass the senate bill for the retirement of General Grant. This is the first bill passed by the senate and specifically names the officer to be retired.

Hoar and Warner (Ohio) demanded a second. The motion to suspend the rules was seconded—170 to 72.

The thirty-minute debate allowed under the rules was opened by Slocum in behalf of the bill. This bill, he said, proposed to place General Grant in the same position he would have occupied had he not, in accordance with the will of the people of the country, accepted the office of chief magistrate. In form and language the bill was precisely like all bills passed for purposes of this kind. It has often been said that much was been done for Ulysses Grant, but nothing has been done for him by the United States government beyond paying him the salary to which he was entitled by law.

ROSECRANS SPEAKS AGAINST THE BILL.

Rosecrans regarded the bill as a plain proposition to reward General Grant for distinguished military services, and it was his duty to say he could not vote for it. It was not his intention to recount historical reasons why he thought General Grant's reputation had been exaggerated and misrepresented, and when history came to be written it would be pared down to very different dimensions. He did not propose to go into that. It had been to the interest of a great political party to make General Grant's service appear as large as possible, for he was their servant. Grant himself had prepared the first two volumes of a life of Grant, upon which students of history had placed the stamp of untrustworthiness. The public had been told that General Rosecrans would not vote for the General Grant bill because of personal ill will. He did not think any of his colleagues would believe that he was capable of descending to the depth of being governed in public duty by personal dislikes. He did not oppose the passage of this bill on account of any of these things, to which he had alluded, or other things to which he had not alluded, namely, statements made officially by General Grant which were false, which General Grant knew to be false, and which he (Rosecrans) had stated in his official reports to be false. It had been said that General Grant was poor; that there was nothing between him and the poorhouse except an income from $250,000, and it had been circulated around by his family that the $250,000 was substantially lost. That was not true. There was another critical circumstance to which he called attention. Congress, by solemn act, was asked to arrest the progress of public opinion for individual gratification in that confidence mill called Grant & Ward. Some could afford to avoid that investigation and deceive the public mind; he could not.

THE BILL PASS.

The motion to suspend the rules and pass the Grant retirement bill was lost: yeas 158, nays 103—not the requisite two-thirds in the affirmative.

The negative vote was cast by democrats who were opposed to General Grant's retirement, reinforced by a number of republicans who, though in favor of the principle of the bill, were opposed to its form, believing it would place the president under necessity of vetoing a measure which he strongly approved.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Money, from the committee on postoffices and post-roads, moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill to regulate the letting of mail contracts. It provides, in case of a bidder failing to perform service according to his contract, that he and his sureties can be held liable, the amount of his bond liquidated, and damages be recovered in action. It also provides that no subletting or transfer of any mail contracts shall be permitted, unless the annual compensation under the contract for service shall exceed $100, and in no case without consent in writing of the post-master general.

Dingley and Blount advocated the bill, on the ground that it would prevent repetition of star route scandals. The bill passed.

Efforts made by the committees on naval and Indian affairs to secure night sessions for consideration of measures reported by them met with failure.

Stockslager, from the committee on public buildings, moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill appropriating $230,000 for the erection in Washington of a building for library of the medical department of the United States army; agreed to, and the bill passed.

Slocum, from the committee on military affairs, reported a bill creating the office of assistant chief signal officer; referred to the committee of the whole. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS.

A CONTEST FOR PAPERS OF ANDREW JACKSON.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Colonel Andrew Jackson, grandson of the late President Andrew Jackson, who resides at the Hermitage it. Tennessee, to-day took out letters of administration upon his grandfather's estate, and immediately, through his solicitors, John Paul Jones and Robert B. Lines, filed a petition in equity setting forth that the widow of the late Hon. Montgomery Blair and her son, Woodbury Blair, now have possession of and claim to own a large number of very valuable papers relating to the public and private life of General Jackson, and praying an injunction against defendants, to prevent them disposing or publishing any of said papers. It is stated these papers were placed in the hands of Amos Kendall in 1843, with a view to publication of a biography of General Jackson, which he (Kendall) had undertaken to write. The papers were lost for many years, and were found by Colonel William M. Terrell of Kentucky, in 1879, subsequent to the death of Kendall, when they were placed in the hands of Montgomery Blair, "for safe keeping," as Colonel Jackson alleges in his bill. Blair, however, claims they were given to Francis P. Blair, senior, by General Jackson, and it is upon this question that the suit instituted will probably turn. The bill also prays for the appointment of a receiver, pendig litigation. Colonel Jackson has retained Senators Harris of Tennessee and Voorhees of Indiana, and Representative Caldwell as counsel in the case.

AWARDED A PENSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—On July 4, 1865, Captain William Hargrave, of General Stoneman's staff, was proceeding with others in an ambulance to headquarters at Knoxville, to attend a reception in honor of the day. The team became unmanageable and precipitated the ambulance, with the occupants, down a bank, and Hargrave sustained injuries resulting in disability, for which he asked a pension. The pension bureau decided against him, on the ground that the injury was not received while in line of duty, but Assistant Secretary of the Interior Joslyn to-day decided that Hargrave should receive a pension, for the reason that any soldier in going to or from social gatherings, religious meetings or places of amusement, with the assent of his superior officer, does not thereby place himself outside the line of duty.

CONGRESSIONAL NOTES.

RANDALL'S PLAN ADOPTED.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—At a meeting of the house committee on appropriations to-night, for consideration of the naval appropriation bill, Randall's proposition to increase the navy was adopted, with amendment. The amendments provide that the board to consider designs shall consist of three civilians, one line officer over the rank of captain, naval constructor, naval engineer, and secretary of the navy; that awards for designs of vessels shall be limited to $10,000 and $7,000; that there shall be but four different kinds of vessels, and that the report of the board shall be submitted to the president before the first Monday in December, and he in turn shall transmit it to congress. The naval appropriation bill will be completed in the morning and reported to the house.

AMENDMENT TO THE SILVER BILL.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—An amendment was to-day proposed by Senator Morgan to the anti-silver coinage bill. It strikes out the present provision for suspension of the coinage of the standard dollar, and authorizes the president, on and after April 1, 1885, and in any succeeding month until April 1, 1890, to direct the secretary of the treasury to suspend, in whole or part, the purchase of silver bullion for coinage of standard dollars.

WILL RESIGN HIS POSITION.

ROME, Feb. 16.—W. W. Astor, American minister to Italy, will resign his position at the end of February.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The statement received by cable, that W. W. Astor, minister to Italy, had resigned and his resignation had been accepted, is confirmed by the state department. His resignation takes effect March 1.

COINAGE SUSPENDED.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The coinage of 1 and 5-cent coins has been suspended for the present.

ACCIDENTS.

A VESSEL ASHORE.

CAPE MAY, N. J., Feb. 16.—A brig is ashore on Cold Spring bar, in a heavy sea. The life-saving crews stove their boats in going to the rescue. It is feared the crew is lost. The life-saving crews are awaiting the abatement of the storm.

TWO MEN KILLED.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 16.—Near Conewaugh on the Pendsylvania road yesterday two stock trains collided. Two Chicago drovers were killed and a tramp stealing a ride was seriously hurt.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE has wonderful healing power over all Flesh Wounds, Sores, Ulcers, &

Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Chapped Hands, Lips, Nipples, Chafes, Piles, Fever Sores, Corns, Bunions, Boils, Felons, Scrofulous Sores, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Barber's Itch, Blotches, Pimples, Blackheads, Sunburn, Chapped Skin, Sore Eyes, Inflammation, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Pleurisy, Soreness of the Chest, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Diphtheria, Quinsy, Croup, Earache, Toothache, Faceache, Headache, Sick Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Female Complaints, Hysterics, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Gout, Erysipelas, Fever and Ague, Malaria, Blood Poisoning, Mercurial Poisoning, Old Sores, Ulcers, Abscesses, Carbuncles, Felons, Fever Sores, Scrofula, Consumption, Cancer, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Pleurisy, Soreness of the Chest, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Diphtheria, Quinsy, Croup, Earache, Toothache, Faceache, Headache, Sick Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Female Complaints, Hysterics, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Gout, Erysipelas, Fever and Ague, Malaria, Blood Poisoning, Mercurial Poisoning, Old Sores, Ulcers, Abscesses, Carbuncles, Felons, Fever Sores, Scrofula, Consumption, Cancer.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

Another Snow-Storm Sweeps Over the West.

MANY TRAINS ARE BLOCKADED.

The East Damaged by High Water—Opening of the Mardi Gras at New Orleans—Schwatka Interviewed—Etc.

CHICAGO, Feb. 16.—The weather here and throughout the northwest generally is intensely cold. At 8 o'clock this morning in Chicago the mercury indicated fifteen degrees below zero. The weather is clear but the air is filled with little particles of snow that are being blown around by the keen wind which prevails. Trains yesterday were somewhat delayed by snow, but the situation is not regarded as serious by the railroad officials seen to-day. All east and west bound trains are starting out on time. Southeastern lines are subjected to delay. The prospect is not encouraging for warmer weather. Storm signals are flying and a further drop of the mercury is expected. At Omaha it is 18 below, St. Paul 10 below, Des Moines 16 below, Dubuque 18 below, Fargo 28 below, Jamestown 35 below and at Winnipeg 34 below.

Further south, later inquiries develop the fact that the Chicago and Alton and the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago, and several smaller lines, are blockaded. The former sent out one train about noon, but expresses little hope of being able to get it through. The Grand Trunk reports consignments of freight this morning. The chief trouble is south and southeast. Trains west and north are nearly on time.

SIX THEATERS CLOSE.

As a result of the railroad blockade six theaters here failed to give performances to-night. The Olympic, People's, Standard, Academy, Lyceum and Criterion were the houses which announced that their respective companies were detained on out-of-the-way sidings and at country snowbanks. Other theaters, notwithstanding the frigid temperature, did a rushing business, on account of the unusually small number of places ready to supply the demand for entertainment.

WIND STORM AT DENVER.

DENVER, Feb. 16.—At 1 o'clock this afternoon a heavy wind storm struck the city, and from that time until 6 this evening it blew sixty miles an hour. Several buildings were partially or wholly unroofed, and a number of plate fronts were blown in. The damage aggregates several thousand dollars. At Monument, fifty miles south, several freight cars were blown from the track. Telegraphic communication in the southern part of the state is interrupted.

MANY TRAINS ABANDONED.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 16.—Chicago trains are abandoned out of here, on account of the snow blockade. The Burlington arrived seven hours late. All trains south of the Mississippi river are late. The Wabash, the Illinois Central and the Chicago and Alton are all abandoned.

HIGH TIDE AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—The tide in North river this morning was higher than it has been in many years. Water was on a level with the docks, and it was difficult for ferry-boats to make landings. Stores along West street, near the river, were all flooded, and considerable damage was done. A heavy rain has been falling all morning, and narrow streets are almost as dark as night.

The storm made higher tides in the North and East rivers to-day than has been known in over twelve years. Along West and South streets nearly every cellar is flooded. All available apparatus for pumping out water has been brought into use. At the Cortlewil line pier the superintendent said he never saw such water. At Vesey street the river actually overflowed into the street, and many stands of butchers in the Washington market were submerged. At this place water on West street is several inches over car tracks. Similar scenes have not been witnessed in many years.

RAIN FOLLOWED BY WIND.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—The heavy rain storm here to-day gave place to a wind storm in the evening. During the day Theodore Ernest was blown from the roof of 148 Franklin street and killed. Wm. Bowe, a tartman, and Samuel Walters, were fatally injured by a flying sign. A large iron shutter of the new Mortimer building fell on the roof of the stock exchange and made a big hole.

Snow and rain prevailed along the Hudson river north of Poughkeepsie, and trains are blockaded by snow. The Hudson and other rivers in the state rose very high and much damage was done. The storm was very severe along the Atlantic coast. At Atlantic city, N. J., $30,000 damage was done. Cape May reports that a fearful storm swept the coast last night and this morning. A portion of the stone bulwark was sent flying across the drive by the raging surf and storm.

At Wilmington, Del., Marie McClafferty was drowned while attempting to cross Squirrel run. The streets of this place are flooded. Similar reports are made from other places.

AROUND TRENTON.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 16.—A heavy rain storm this morning caused the river to rise and great damage to property is feared along the river front. Several mills are closed, owing to water in buildings. Reports from Lambertville, Milford, Frenchtown and other points up the Delaware state that the river is rising, and a fearful freshet is apprehended.

AT NEW BRUNSWICK.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Jan. 16.—A terrific rain storm has been raging this morning. The Raritan river is rapidly rising, and there is every prospect of a repetition of the great freshet of 1882.

MARDI GRAS FESTIVITIES AT NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 16.—Clear and cool weather favored the opening of the Mardi gras festivities. The arrival and reception of Rex came off according to programme, except as to time; his majesty reached the city hall at noon. When Mayor Guillotte surrendered the keys of the city. The procession consisted of infantry, detachments of marines from the United States flag ship Tennessee and the man-of-war Galena, Music, Comedy and her followers on cars, trumpeters, bended horsemen of the royal standard, a troop of his majesty's mounted arms, and His Majesty Rex, attended by royal continental guards. The procession moved through the principal streets to the levee, at the head of Canal street, where the party embarked, on steamers for the exposition. The attendance exceeded anything in the history of the exposition. The main tower was crowded with people looking down the river, eager to catch a sight of the royal fleet. Below, in the music hall, and in the vestibule, the fun was so great that locomotion was almost impossible.

SCHWATKA INTERVIEWED.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—The *Times* has an interview of Lieutenant Schwatka, who said: "I asked for leave of absence in order that I might make explorations of Alaska, under citizens of Oregon. Leave of absence was refused. I suppose the real reason was that the war department did not want to send an expedition to Alaska, under command of Lieutenant Abercrombie, and did not want to bring its results into competition with those of civilians—an expedition such as mine would have been. You see there is a regular 'dog-in-the-manger' policy pursued. The department objects to civilians in the navy department objects to the war department, and the coast survey, which is under the secretary of the interior, objects to either, both or all. If one attempts to go where all have equal rights in alliance at once is formed by the other two, and all the go unite against the civilian. For some months I have been at work getting subscriptions to stock of a company to put cattle on the Aleutian islands, and make it a business of raising them. There is capital grazing on these islands.

RESCUED FROM AN OPEN BOAT.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—The bark Lillian M. Virgo, from London, arrived here to-day. She reports that January 25 she fell in with an open boat containing Captain Larsen, the second mate and two seamen of the bark Alfred, from Pensacola January 1 for Liverpool, with a cargo of lumber. The men were in an exhausted condition. The Virgo took them on board and brought them to this port. Captain Larsen reports: Sailed from Pensacola January 1, and experienced very good weather up to January 22d, when we encountered a terrific gale from the west, veering to the north west, which caused the vessel to strain badly and spring a leak. The gale continued to the 23d, when we were obliged to cut away all the masts and rigging, to keep her from going over on her beam ends. We manned the pumps continuously, without gaining on the leak, the vessel having then fourteen feet of water in her hold. We launched a boat and got ready to abandon the vessel, and had the second mate and two men in her, and got under the vessel's lee, so as to take the remainder of the crew, eight men, on board, but owing to the gale was unable to stay by, and drifted away. We were two days in the boat within a few yards of the vessel, which was badly soaked with sea water." Captain Larsen has little hope of ever hearing from the men whom they left on the bark. He thinks there is little doubt that they were soon washed overboard and lost, unless seen by some passing vessel and rescued. The Alfred was 663 tons register, about twenty-five years old, and owned in Bergeroe, Norway, from which port she sailed.

PACIFIC COAST.

Judge Sullivan Awards Mrs. Sharon Alimony and Counsel Fees

Sharon Declares that he will Fight the Decision—No News from the Buried Town in Utah—San Francisco Notes.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—Judge Sullivan rendered a decision on the questions of alimony and counsel fees in the Sharon divorce case this morning, of which the following is a synopsis: "Under the law, as laid down in the code, and the facts as I find them, I deem it my imperative duty to make an allowance to plaintiff for her support and compensation of her counsel. I have heard no argument advanced which would warrant the court in departing from established precedents in cases of this kind. The amount proper to be allowed at this time as alimony and counsel fees has been a very serious question for me to consider. The plaintiff should have a proper allowance, but the amount prayed for is far in excess of the requirements of the case. In view of the plaintiff's present surroundings and distinctions, I think an allowance of $2500 per month is a reasonable allowance. This allowance shall take effect from the date of this application, January 8, 1885, the full sum of $7500 to be paid on or before March 8, 1885 and further sums of $2500 each to be made on the 8th day of April, and of each subsequent month, until further orders of this court. A proper allowance for counsel is $25,000, which sum defendant is directed to pay plaintiff for the purpose of enabling her to prosecute this action. Said payment to be made on or before March 9, 1885. In much as plaintiff's counsel have requested me to make apportionment of the gross sum allowed as counsel, I do so, as follows: To Tyler & Tyler, $20,000; to Darrell & Sullivan, $5,000; to Delmas & McHose, $5,000; to Flournoy, $10,000; to W. H. Levy, $10,000; and to Clement, Oshen & Clement, $5000.

SHARON WILL CONTEST THE RULING.

The *Evening Post* publishes an interview with Senator Sharon relating to Judge Sullivan's decision this morning in the case in which Sharon is defendant. In response to the interrogatory if he would pay the amount ordered by the court, he replied: "I shall neither pay promptly, nor shall I pay at all. My counsel will at once proceed, by writ of error and writ of certiorari, to take the matter before the supreme court, and the proceedings will delay final settlement of the case for months, and perhaps years. I will not

The Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 17, 1885.

OUR STATE CONSTITUTION.

The resolution to call a constitutional convention has failed in the house. On the whole we can not be sorry of it. Mr. Gilbert, of Marion county, spoke very sensibly on the subject. He said that "in season of hard times had brought to the surface many cranky schemes which ought not to become permanently fixed in the fundamental law of the state," and he "doubted the practical wisdom of any representative body that could be chosen in the present temper of the people."

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A review of the fruit, honey and nut crop of California for the year 1884 shows that that state is making great progress from year to year in supplying a large portion of this country with certain products which in the past have been furnished from abroad. Over 1,500,000 pounds of French prunes and 350,000 pounds of German prunes were raised. Owing to a large crop abroad and the dull times in this country, the orders for these prunes have been slack, and a large portion of them are yet unsold. But since there were consumed in this country in 1883 60,100,000 pounds of German, Turkish and Bosnian prunes, the producers of this cheap and popular article of food in this country have reason to think there is an ample field for the industry and that the time is not distant when a sufficient supply for the country will be produced on the coast. There has also been a very heavy apple crop, and large quantities of apples, apricots, peaches and plums have been dried by hot air. The process of sun-drying and bleaching, however, threatens to work a revolution in the evaporating business, as it produces an article equally as good looking at much less expense. The growing of almonds and walnuts is now one of the established industries, and California promises soon to supply the whole country with these two kinds of nuts. The "seductive peanut" is also raised in quantities sufficient to supply the territory east of the Rocky mountains, and some have been sent further east. But the most remarkable of these products is honey. The total yield of California honey for 1884 was 9,000,000 pounds; nearly one-sixth of the entire product of the Union. The quality has been unusually fine, but the prices have not brought much profit to the producer.

Before the Minnesota legislature convened the Minneapolis *Tribune* said that "the regulation of railroads is always a profitable subject of discussion. In fact, the discussion itself answers many of the purposes of the proposed regulation." Since then all the interested parties, farmers, railroad men, elevator men, millers, and the rest, have met face to face at St. Paul and have aired their case. The farmers have stated their grievances as strongly as possible, and the railroad men and elevator managers have made their defense from the same platform. The newspapers have printed full reports every day and have thus brought the whole state within hearing of the great debate at the capital. The result, as the *Tribune* says, "has been a valuable education of that public sentiment which is itself the best corrective for abuses of every kind. The public has become thoroughly awake to the necessity for free markets and to the intolerable tyranny of a system which subjects a farmer or any other producer to the mercy of a monopoly. On the other hand, public opinion has come to perceive the futility of attempting to prescribe iron-clad rules and rates." Already certain forms of abuse of which the roads have been guilty "are practically done away with, and would doubtless be permanently abandoned, without the aid of any legal penalties whatever, simply through the corrective power of public opinion overwhelming public sentiment." It is to be regretted that this subject has not been more thoroughly discussed at Salem, for, as the *Tribune* says, "if a corporation is really guilty of monopolistic and unjust practices, it is always more afraid of free discussion than of iron-clad statutes.

At last the French spoliation claims bill has become a law. It has been before congress—off and on—for eighty-three years. The claims grow out of depredations committed by the French upon American commerce during the war of 1793 between France and England, France acknowledged the destruction or detention of 2,000 American vessels, all being the private property of American citizens. But France never will pay the claims. The liability of our own government to pay them is placed on the ground that it should have protected its merchant marine. In 1799 the claims aggregated $17,000,000. Since that time others have been added and interest has accrued. At every successive next congress they have been introduced and some of the most eminent names in American history have been enlisted in their favor. Among these have been Forsyth, Everett, Livingstone, Cushing, Pickens, Choate, Crittenden, Hamlin, Sumner, Clay, Webster, Calhoun, Marcy, Hayne and others. The bill twice before passed congress and was vetoed by Polk in 1846 and by Pierce in 1855. It has now been signed by Arthur.

THE INDIAN QUESTION.

It is now too late to secure a large reservation for the Indians in the northwest, as was contemplated by Calhoun when the Indian territory was formed, but smaller ones can be established like the one contemplated by Senator Dawes' bill, in northern Montana, and it is simple justice to do so. It is death to the northern Indians to subject them to the change of climate by forcing them into the Indian territory, as is shown in the case of the Nez Perces, and a home in their native land is necessary to their existence.

These reservations, however, should be limited in extent to the necessities of the tribes, and the lands should be allotted to the Indians in severalty. General Miles thinks the Indian question is now in a condition which admits of permanent settlement. He believes that all the tribes are sufficiently acquainted with the tendencies of civilization to recognize the necessity of conforming to its usages, and that if lands were allotted to them in severalty it would take but a few years to make them self-sustaining. Wherever this experiment has been tried under proper conditions it has been found to work well. A few years ago there was no more warlike tribe in America than the Cheyennes. Their terrible raid through Kansas and Nebraska in 1877 is well remembered. They were as fierce as the Sioux and seemingly imbued with a more bitter hatred of their conquerors. Hundreds of these people are now self-sustaining in Montana, and they are among the most contented members of the race in the country.

The coming session of the English parliament promises to be one of the most lively of the last twenty years. A strong party of opposition to the continuance of the present Soudan campaign is being formed under the leadership of John Morley, Leonard H. Courtney and other radical members, and it is probable their attacks may result in an early dissolution of parliament and an appeal to the people by the government. The radical wing of the liberals numbers among its adherents some of the ablest and most vigorous men of England, and their action of opposition will undoubtedly have the effect of bringing about a readjustment of the present parties in parliament. The more conservative of the liberals will join the tories in a new conservative party, while the radicals home rulers and others who favor abolition of the monarchy will constitute a new republican party, opposed to all attempts at further extension of British territory and in favor of a peace policy and republican form of government.

Joseph Cook and Miss Kate Field are both lecturing against Mormonism, and in the main they agree as to the magnitude of its iniquity and the measures to be taken. But on one point they disagree. Mr. Cook thinks he knows more about the subject than Miss Field, but Miss Field thinks she knows more than he does. "I spent nine months there" she says, "and Mr. Cook spent nine days. Which of us is most likely to be hoodwinked. He called together thirty prominent gentiles and apostates and asked them questions, while I took several months for independent investigations." The Springfield *Republican* thinks Miss Field does not make sufficient allowance for Mr. Cook's original omniscience.

A bill fixing a penalty on carrying concealed weapons has been passed by the Texas legislature. This barbarous practice has been broken up in Georgia by a law passed by the last legislature charging $100 to dealers in pistols and revolvers and pistol and revolver cartridges. Rather than pay this additional charge, nine-tenths of the traders have dropped this feature of their business. The effect of the law has been to restrict sales of the obnoxious articles to populous places. The license amounts to a prohibition. These laws denote as radical a change in public sentiment as if the legislators of Kentucky should decide to make the carrying of a concealed flask in the hip pocket a criminal offence.

Those who read of the cold weather in the upper Mississippi valley will readily believe that our climate is not the less of our many blessings. Yesterday the mercury ranged from 15 to 20 degrees below zero in Chicago and other cities, the snow was blown in chilling gusts by the keen wind, and general discomfort prevailed. Here the day was ushered in by a warm rain, followed by a bright, spring sunshine which seemed to fill all animal life with its genial exhilaration. Chicago does indeed has some advantages over Portland, but climate is not one of them.

Rev. Heber Newton declares that the good old orthodox hell is "a dreadful dream of the popular imagination rather than a deliberate official pronouncement of the church," and he denounces it as atrocious madness and a twin sister of witchcraft. If these preachers keep on there will not be much left in this world to live for. You will lose that most comforting thought that the neighbor with whom you disagree will never get his deserts.

The New York *Commercial Advertiser* calls the attention of travelers to the attractions of a trip to extend from New York up the Hudson, through central New York to Niagara falls, across the lake country to Chicago thence to St. Paul and Minneapolis, over the Northern Pacific to Portland, on Puget sound to Victoria in British Columbia, and then coasteward to Montreal over the Canadian Pacific and back to New York by Lake Champlain, Lake George and the Hudson.

The movement for closing the saloons of the city on Sundays is a good one, and it ought to prevail. But it will be very difficult to enforce the closing, since custom has so long sanctioned open Sunday saloons. However, it must come, because it is a reasonable and proper regulation. Our western cities will, in time, be brought to the status of eastern cities on this question, and it is well to begin.

The citizens of Eureka, California, a few days ago ordered all the Chinese residents out of the city, and sent them to San Francisco. This action was caused by the accidental killing of a well-known citizen during a Chinese row. The people of Arcata, a small town a few miles from Eureka, have now taken similar measures and ordered all Chinese located there to remove at once outside the city limits.

It is now said that Lamar will be Cleveland's secretary of state. The cabinet if it is to be a consistent piece of work, will consist of confederate brigadiers straight through. The southern confederacy, remember, is now to rule the country.

It is said William Waldorf Astor, minister to Italy, will resign at the end of this month. As Mr. Astor's sole claim to public recognition is his wealth and family connection, the American people will not feel grieved at his action.

The bane of our country has been what Mr. Lowell described as "improvised statesmanship." We seem likely to have a formidable amount of that kind of statesmanship expressed in the legislation of the present session at Salem.

Repeated requests have induced the proprietors of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to send by mail to varied applicants their correspondents, large mounted portraits of Mrs. Pinkham; and now many a household wall is adorned by the familiar, motherly face of the Massachusetts woman who has done so much for ill women.

The feeling throughout the United States toward England in her present troubles is—well, what was the feeling in England toward the United States after the battle of Bull Run?—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

Pink gums and mouth and dazzling teeth
And breath of bath and lips of rose
Are found not in this world beneath
Who ever wisely, wights they use
Use SOZODONT by night and day.

The total assessed valuation of Arizona property is $23,000,000. The greater portion of this is personal property consisting of forty-rod whisky and forty-five call or cashiers.

WHEN YOUR LIVER IS OUT OF ORDER use Dr. Jayne's Sanative Pills, and you will rationally assist this organ to regain a healthy condition, and get rid of many distressing symptoms.

Dr. Henley's Celery
Beef and Iron cures dyspepsia and neuralgia.

OLYMPIA ITEMS.

OLYMPIA, Feb. 13.

The probate court was taken up this afternoon in hearing a complaint made by Hon. D. R. Bigelow against an old resident of this city named John McSorley, the charge being that of insanity. Mr. McSorley, who is reputed to be worth from eight to ten thousand dollars, has for a number of years been considered rather "peculiar," especially in the line of matrimony, in which he seems to have had considerable interest, being under the impression that marriageable young ladies were like pie to fall in love with him at first sight. His actions caused no little trouble in this community at various times, and there were but few, if any, who could testify to his complete sanity on this subject.

His hallucinations, however, took a different form recently so as to cause him to be considered dangerous. At one time he happened to spy a tame otter belonging to a gentleman in this city, and believing it to be an evil spirit he chopped it to pieces with an ax. The next notable event in his life was the stabbing of Frank Hossman some time ago with a bayonet. Yesterday he conceived the idea that his land rights were being encroached on, and taking a Winchester rifle he drew a bead on some laborers employed by Mr. Bigelow in East Olympia, and caused them to leave off work in a hurry. His threats against the life of Mr. Bigelow were sufficient cause to induce that gentleman to represent his case to the probate judge, who examined into the matter in the presence of Doctors Ostrander and Steele, and from the evidence adduced it was plain to be seen that the hospital for the insane was a suitable place for the poor man, and he was accordingly placed in charge of the sheriff, to be taken to Steilacoom.

The case might almost be considered a sad one, as the poor man is entirely without friends, and his disease has possibly been increased by living a lonely life in the woods, away from civilization. Of late years he has had a mania for buying up tax-titles, and on the assessment list his name figures quite conspicuously as a landholder.

YAMHILL NOTES.

MCMINNVILLE, Feb. 16.

D. C. Narver has bought the undertaking business of Jones, Hill & Co.

J. B. Gardner, of Dayton, has bought a farm west of here and is moving on to it.

The annual fireman's concert and fair will take place next Friday and Saturday evenings.

Hon. Henry Warren has returned from Salem too feeble to do anything more for us this session.

We are having spring-like weather; birds singing and wild flowers and mosquitos have made their appearance.

The brick block to be built by W. J. Garrison will be twice as large as any of its kind in the city. The lower story will contain four store-rooms. The upper story will contain theater and offices. The contract has been let to J. C. Cooper for $9000.

The "hungry and thirsty" have several more postoffice petitions in circulation. The grand scramble has begun in earnest. We will be treated to an inaugural procession here March 4. One candidate, who is bitterly opposed to woman suffrage, has ladies circulating his petition, asking ladies to sign it.

"Having myself been greatly benefitted," writes Mrs. E. W. Carpenter, Westfield, Baltimore county, Maryland, "I advised my cook, who was seriously ill from a deep-seated cold, and who had consulted her doctor without relief, to use Red Star Cough Cure, and she was cured in connection with an external application of St. Jacobs Oil to her side. The change wrought was most gratifying and astonishing. In the morning she was like a new person."

Ella Wheeler Wilcox, the poetess, says she goes to sleep "draped in soft, luxurious gloom." We go to sleep draped in a 65-cent nightshirt. Tastes differ.—*Drake's Magazine.*

Dr. Henley's Celery
Beat and Iron will restore the weak to health and vigor.

MEETING NOTICE.

Attention, Knights!—All sojourning members of the Order of Knights of Pythias, in good standing, are hereby cordially invited to be present at the Castle Hall of Mystic Lodge No. 7 on Thursday evening, February 19, 1885, and join with the members of the order in observance of the anniversary of Pythianism.
By order of the Committee of Arrangements.
D. E. BUCHANAN, Sec.

MARRIED.

At Pendleton, Or., Feb. 10, Robert J. Slater to Margaret E. Furnish all of that place.

DIED.

In this city, Feb. 16, Mary Sophronia C. Fuller, wife of E. B. Fuller, aged 29 years, 4 months and 3 days. Funeral from residence, corner Thirteenth and Mill streets at A. M. this day. Remains will be taken to Damascus for burial.

Advertisements such as "Wants," "Help Wanted," "To Let." "For Sale," etc., will be inserted for 10 cents per line first insertion, five cents per line thereafter. No insertion for less than 25 cents, and cash must be paid at the counter. No bill for collection less than 50 cents.

Deaths, Marriages and Births, 50 cents each. Resolutions of Condolence 10 cents per line. All transient advertising payable in advance.

NEW TO-DAY.

THIRTEEN

Pounds of Dry Granulated Sugar for ONE DOLLAR at G. F. Meacham's, the People's Grocer, 281 and 283 Third, cor. Jefferson.

ALSO

STRICTLY CHOICE

California Roll Butter just received.

HOUSE WANTED.

WANTED—ON OR ABOUT APRIL 1, A HOUSE containing not less than ten rooms, and must be well located, dry, with stable preferred. Address, with particulars, TENANT, care Oregonian. 1134

PORTLAND BOX FACTORY.

ALL KINDS OF BOXES ON HAND, MADE TO ORDER, and promptly delivered. Packing Weidler's Mill. Office, First Nat. Bank building. Telephone, 266 and 31. Q. W. BATES, Prop'r.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

(Telegram.)
YALE, B. C., Feb. 9th, 1885.
To R. D. PITT, Portland:—Plenty of work for men who want work. M. J. HANEY.
Gen. Sup't Canadian Pacific Railroad.

Axemen, Rockmen and Laborers for the Canadian Pacific Railroad will require to register on or before Friday or Tuesday, to leave on Saturday or Wednesday, at No. 9 Washington st. R. D. PITT, Commissioner of Deeds for all States and Territories.

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED—COMPETENT SHIRT MAKERS and machine operators; steady work. Apply immediately. MRS. GEO. BURKE, 16313 street. 1171½

FINE DRESS-MAKING—
LITT, THE LEADER.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—APPLY AT 335 West Park for particulars. 1171

BARBER WANTED AT NO. 74 NORTH THIRD street; wages, $18 per week. 1177

ONE SUITE OF ROOMS AT 193 SEVENTH ST., between Yamhill and Taylor. 317

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO HOUSEWORK. Apply 109 Sixth, corner Washington st. 1171

FOR SALE—CITY DENTAL OFFICE AND business for sale. Address DENTIST, care of Oregonian office. 1171

FOR SALE—ON CARTER'S HILL, A NEAT little cottage and lot, on quarter block. Apply on premises, T. SCOLLARD.

SUNNY FRONT PARLOR, OR BACK PARLOR, with fire place; suitable for married couple or two gentlemen; newly furnished; price $12. 89 Ninth. 1143

FOR RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED rooms with or without board; reasonable prices; desirable boarders accommodated. Apply at 189 Sixth st. 317

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.—A MEETING of the stockholders of the Northwest Publishing Co. will be held on Wednesday, Feb. 25, 1885, at 2 P. M. at the office of the company. 1172

A YOUNG MAN (AGE 19), WHOSE EVENINGS are unemployed, wishes a situation in an office; let's office. Address R. E., care Oregonian. 1172

MARRIED WOMAN DESIRES GENERAL house-work by the day or three days in the week; will work reasonable. Apply at 224 Fourth, between Yamhill and Taylor. 1172

A SITUATION WANTED BY A COMPETENT woman to do cooking; or would do general housework in a small family. Call at 5 South Fourth.

WANTED TO RENT—A NEAT COTTAGE OF 5 to 6 rooms, with modern conveniences, in W. part of the city. Address P. O. B., P.O. box 50, Portland.

WANTED—WORK BY A BOY; ANYTHING to keep me busy. Apply for J. B., 91 Fifth, bet. Read & Pettygrove.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-aged lady as housekeeper; references given. Apply 91 Morrison street. 1168

LOST—SUNDAY AFTERNOON, FROM A PIN, a crown set with 5 diamonds; liberal reward will be paid if left with A. L. STONE, corner First and Morrison streets. 1172

A RELIABLE GIRL WANTS A SITUATION TO do up-stairs work and assist in care of child; can read references if required. Call for three days at 87 Third street, between Stark and Oak. 1171

WANTED—A GOOD, RELIABLE BOOKKEEPER to take charge of a set of books in a brewery. Apply at HERMAN'S employment agency. Inquire 125 First street, Room 8. 1171

A MIDDLE-AGED AMERICAN LADY DESIRES to correspond, with a limited number of gentlemen, with a view to matrimony; none but respectable persons need answer. Address A. L., care Oregonian.

$1000 WANTED BY OWNER TO INVEST IN established easy and gentlemanly business, paying from $400 to $500 per month; want sober, steady man. Apply to A. J. WELCH, 103½ First st. 1170

BR. BC. STAG HOUND, CAPTAIN JACK, from Cable's. Neither the captain nor the undersigned consideners of the above named vessel will be responsible for any debts that may be contracted by the crew. 1171

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL TO TAKE CARE of a young baby and do up-stairs work; references required; German or Scandinavian preferred. Apply at No. 135 West Park st, corner Alder, between 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. 1171

IMPORTED SWISS CHEESE, CREAM, LIMburger, etc. Kingsford's Herrings, German Pickles, Sauer Kraut, Pickled Beans, German Sandard Beef Tongues, assortment of family groceries at lowest rates. MRS. M. BAUM, 86 Morrison, bet. 5th & 6th

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BUTCHER SHOP and fixtures, with good trade; will be sold cheap. Apply to Box 27, Oregonian office. 1170

FOR SALE—A FINE, GENTLE, WELL-BROKE horse, weighing about 1100 pounds. Apply at 25 Ankeny st. 1170

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HORSE, buggy and harness. Apply at 25 Ankeny st

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Some amendments of the present constitution might be adopted with good results. One of the most important changes we can think of would be an amendment to create the office of auditor of state. The duties of secretary and auditor should not be in the hands of the same officer. Under the constitution as it is, the same official may now be governor, secretary and auditor; and this actually happened a few years ago. The office of auditor should be an independent one, with direct responsibility. The time for holding the general election might be changed with advantage from June to November. Other changes might perhaps be introduced which would be advantageous, though there is no pressing need of any change at all. Nearly all reasons assigned for calling a convention tantamount in the claim that the state ought to be allowed to create a debt. But do the people at large soberly think that it would be well to keep the state out of debt? Extravagance goes with borrowing and hard times follow it.

A review of the fruit, honey and nut crop of California for the year 1884 shows that that state is making great progress from year to year in supplying a large portion of this country with certain products which in the past have been furnished from abroad. Over 1,500,000 pounds of French prunes and 350,000 pounds of German prunes were raised. Owing to a large crop abroad and the dull times in this country, the orders for these prunes have been slack, and a large portion of them are yet unsold. But since there were consumed in this country in 1883 80,000,000 pounds of German, Turkish and Bohemian prunes, the producers of this cheap and popular article of food in this country have reason to think there is an ample field for the industry and that the time is not distant when a sufficient supply for the country will be produced on this coast. There has also been a very heavy apple crop, and large quantities of apples, apricots, peaches and plums have been dried by hot air. The process of sun-drying and bleaching, however, threatens to work a revolution in the evaporating business, as it produces an article equally as good looking at much less expense. The growing of almonds and walnuts is now one of the established industries, and California promises soon to supply the whole country with these two kinds of nuts. The "selective peanut" is also raised in quantities sufficient to supply the territory east of the Rocky mountains, and some have been sent further east. But the most remarkable of these products is honey. The total yield of California honey for 1884 was 9,000,000 pounds; nearly one-sixth of the entire product of the Union. The quality has been unusually fine, but the prices have not brought much profit to the producer.

Before the Minnesota legislature convened the Minneapolis *Tribune* said that "the regulation of railroads is always a profitable subject of discussion. In fact, the discussion itself answers many of the purposes of the proposed regulation." Since then all the interested parties, farmers, railroad men, elevator men, millers, and the rest, have met face to face at St. Paul and have argued their case. The farmers have stated their grievances as strongly as possible, and the railroad men and elevator managers have made their defense from the same platform. The newspapers have printed full reports every day and have thus brought the whole state within hearing of the great debate at the capital. The result, as the *Tribune* says, "has been a valuable education of that public sentiment which is itself the best corrective for abuses of every kind. The public has become thoroughly aware to the necessity for free markets and to the intolerable tyranny of a system which subjects a farmer or any other producer to the mercy of a monopoly. On the other hand, public opinion has come to perceive the futility of attempting to prescribe iron-clad rules and rates." Already certain forms of abuse, of which the roads have been guilty "are practically done away with, and would doubtless be permanently abandoned, without the aid of any legal penalties whatever, simply through the corrective power of publicity and an overwhelming public sentiment." It is to be regretted that this subject has not been more thoroughly discussed at Salem for, as the *Tribune* says, "if a current is really guilty of monopolistic and unjust practices, it is always more afraid of free discussion than of iron-clad statutes.

As all the French spoliation claims bill has become a law, it has been before congress—off and on—for eighty-three years. The claims grew out of depredations committed by the French upon American commerce during the war of 1798 between France and England. France acknowledged the destruction or detention of 2000 American vessels, all being the private property of American citizens. But France never will pay the claims. The liability of our own government to pay them is placed on the ground that it should have protected its merchant marine. In 1799 the claims aggregated $12,000,000. Since that time others have been added and interest has accrued. At every subsequent congress they have been introduced and some of the most eminent names in American history have been enlisted in their favor. Among these have been Forsyth, Everett, Livingstone, Cushing, Preston, Choate, Crittenden, Hamlin, Sumner, Clay, Webster, Calhoun, Marcy, Hayne and others. The bill twice before passed congress and was vetoed by Polk in 1846 and by Pierce in 1855. It has now been signed by Arthur.

THE IND AN QUESTION.

It is now too late to secure a large reservation for the Indians in the northwest, as was contemplated by Calhoun when the Indian territory was formed, but small ones can be established, like the one contemplated by Senator Dawes' bill, in northern Montana, and it is simple justice to do so. Its death to the northern Indians to subject the to the change of climate by forcing them into the Indian territory, as is shown in the case of the Nez Perces, and a home in their native land is necessary to their existence.

These reservations, however, should be limited in extent to the necessities of the tribes, and the lands should be allotted to the Indians in severalty. General Miles thinks the Indian question is now in a condition which admits of permanent settlement. He believes that all the tribes are sufficient acquainted with the tendencies of civilization to recognize the necessity of conforming to its usages, and that if lands were allotted to them in severalty it would take but a few years to make them self-sustaining. Wherever this experiment has been tried under proper conditions it has been found to work well. A few years ago there was no more warlike tribe in America than the Cheyennes. Their terrible raid through Kansas and Nebraska in 1877 is well remembered. They were as fierce as the Sioux and seemingly imbued with a more bitter hatred of their conquerors. Hundreds of these people are now self-sustaining in Montana, and they are among the most contented members of the race in the country.

The coming session of the English parliament promises to be one of the most lively of the last twenty years. A strong party of opposition to the continuance of the present Soudan campaign is being formed under the leadership of John Morley, Leonard H. Courtney and other radical members, and it is probable their attacks may result in an early dissolution of parliament and an appeal to the people by the government. The radical wing of the liberals numbers among its adherents some of the ablest and most vigorous men of England, and their action of opposition will undoubtedly have the effect of bringing about a readjustment of the present parties in parliament. The more conservative of the liberals will join the tories in a new conservative party, while the radicals, home rulers and others, who favor abolition of the monarchy will constitute a new republican party, opposed to all attempts at further extension of British territory and in favor of a peace policy and republican form of government.

Joseph Cook and Miss Kate Field are both lecturing against Mormonism, and in the main they agree as to the magnitude of its iniquity and the measures to be taken. But on one point they disagree. Mr. Cook thinks he knows more about the subject than Miss Field, but Miss Field thinks she knows more than he does. "I spent nine months there," she says, "and Mr. Cook spent nine days. Which of us is most likely to be hoodwinked? He called together thirty prominent gentiles and apostates and asked them questions, while I took several months for independent investigations." The Springfield *Republican* thinks Miss Field does not make sufficient allowance for Mr. Cook's original omniscience.

A bill fixing a penalty for carrying concealed weapons has been passed by the Texas legislature. This barbarous practice has been broken up in Georgia by a law passed by the last legislature charging $100 to dealers in pistols and revolvers and pistol and revolver cartridges. Rather than pay this additional charge, nine-tenths of the traders have dropped this feature of their business. The effect of the law has been to restrict sales of the obnoxious articles to populous places. The license amounts to a prohibition. These laws denote as radical a change in public sentiment as if the legislators of Kentucky should decide to make the carrying of a concealed flask in the hip pocket a criminal offence.

Those who read of the cold weather in the upper Mississippi valley will readily believe that our climate is not the least of our many blessings. Yesterday the thermometer ranged from 15 to 20 degrees below zero in Chicago and other cities, the snow was blown in chilling gusts by the keen wind, and general discomfort prevailed. Here the day was ushered in by a warm rain, followed by a bright spring sunshine which seemed to fill all animal life with its genial exhilaration. Chicago doubtless has some advantages over Portland, but climate is not one of them.

Rev. Heber Newton declares that the good old orthodox hell is "a dreadful dream of the popular imagination rather than a deliberate official pronouncement of the church," and he denounces it as atrocious madness and a twin sister of witchcraft. Unless preachers keep on there will not be much left in this world to live for. You will lose that most comforting thought that the neighbor with whom you disagree will never get his deserts.

The New York *Commercial Advertiser* calls the attention of travelers to the attractions of a trip to extend from New York up the Hudson, through central New York to Niagara falls, across the lake country to Chicago, thence to St. Paul and Minneapolis, over the Northern Pacific to Portland, on Puget sound to Victoria in British Columbia, and thence eastward to Montreal over the Canadian Pacific and back to New York by Lake Champlain, Lake George and the Hudson.

The movement for closing the saloons of the city on Sundays is a good one, and it ought to prevail. But it will be very difficult to enforce the closing, since custom has so long sanctioned open Sunday saloons. However, it must come, because it is a reasonable and proper regulation. Our western cities will, a time, be brought to the status of eastern cities on this question, and it is well to begin.

The citizens of Eureka, California, a few days ago ordered all the Chinese residents out of the city, and sent them to San Francisco. This action was caused by the accidental killing of a well-known citizen during a Chinese row. The people of Arcata, a small town a few miles from Eureka, have now taken similar measures and ordered all Chinese located there to remove at once outside the city limits.

It is now said that Lincoln will be Cleveland's secretary of state. The cabinet if it is to be a consistent piece of work, will consist of confederate brigadiers straight through. The southern confederacy, remember, is now to rule the country.

It is said William Waldorf Astor, minister to Italy, will resign at the end of this month. As Mr. Astor's sole claim to public recognition is his wealth and family connection, the American people will not feel grieved at his action.

The bane of our country has been what Mr. Lowell described as "unadvised statesmanship." We seem likely to have a formidable amount of that kind of statesmanship expressed in the legislation of the present session at Salem.

Repeated requests have induced the proprietors of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to send by mail to various lady correspondents, large mounted portraits of Mrs. Pinkham; and how many a household veil is add ned by the familiar, motherly face of the Massachusetts woman who has done so much for all women.

The feeling throughout the United States toward England in her present troubles is—well, what was the feeling in England toward the United States after the battle of Bull Run?—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

Pink gums and mouth and dazzling teeth
And breath of balm and lips of rose
Are found not in this "veil beneath"
With young or old, save only those
Who ever wisely, will they may
Use SOZODONT by night and day

The total assessed valuation of Arizona property is $21,000,000. The greater portion of this is personal property, consisting of forty-rod whisky and forty-five caliber revolvers.

WHEN YOUR LIVER IS OUT OF ORDER use Dr. Jayne's Sanative Pills, and you will rationally assist this organ to regain a healthy condition, and get rid of many distressing symptoms.

Dr. Henley's Celery
Beef and Iron cures dyspepsia and neuralgia.

OLYMPIA ITEMS.

OLYMPIA, Feb. 13.

The probate court was taken up this afternoon in hearing a complaint made by Hon. D. R. Bigelow against an old resident of this city named John McSorley, the charge being that of insanity. Mr. McSorley, who is reputed to be worth from eight to ten thousand dollars, has for a number of years been considered rather "peculiar," especially in the line of matrimony, in which he seems to have had considerable interest, being under the impression that marriageable young ladies were like a fly to fall in love with him at first sight. His actions caused no little trouble in this community at various times, and there were but few, if any, who could testify to his complete sanity on this subject.

His hallucinations, however, took a different form recently so as to cause him to be considered dangerous. At one time he happened to spy a tame otter belonging to a gentleman in this city, and believing it to be an evil spirit he chopped it to pieces with an ax. The next notable event in his life was the stabbing of Frank Mosenbach, with whom he had formerly resided, yesterday he conceived the idea that his land rights were being encroached on and taking a Winchester rifle he drew a bead on some laborers employed by Mr. Bigelow in East Olympia, and caused them to leave off work in a hurry. His threats against the life of Mr. Bigelow were sufficiently strong to induce that gentleman to represent his case to the probate judge, who examined into the matter in the presence of Doctors Ostrander and Steele, and from the evidence adduced it was plain to be seen that the hospital for the insane was a suitable place for the poor man, and he was accordingly placed in charge of the sheriff, to be taken to Steilacoom.

The case might almost be considered a sad one, as the poor man is entirely without friends, and his disease has possibly been increased by living a lonely life in the woods, away from civilization. Of late years he has had a mania for buying up tax-titles, and on the assessment list his name figures quite conspicuously as a landholder.

YAMHILL NOTES.

McMINNVILLE, Feb. 16.

D. C. Narver has bought the undertaking business of Jones, Hill & Co.

J. B. Gardner, of Dayton, has bought a farm west of here and is moving on to it.

The annual fireman's concert and fair will take place next Friday and Saturday evenings.

Hon. Henry Warren has returned from Salem too feeble to do anything more for us this session.

We are having spring-like weather; birds singing and wild flowers and mosquitoes have made their appearance.

The brick block to be built by W. J. Garrison will be twice as large as any of its kind in the city. The lower story will contain four storerooms. The upper story will contain theater and offices. The contract has been let to J. C. Cooper for $9000.

The "hungry and thirsty" have several more postoffice petitions in circulation. The grand scramble has begun in earnest. We will be treated to an inaugural procession here March 4. One candidate, who is bitterly opposed to woman suffrage, has ladies circulating his petition, asking ladies to sign it.

"Having myself been greatly benefited," writes Mrs. E. W. Carpenter, Overies, Baltimore county, Maryland, "I advised my cook, who was seriously ill from a deep-seated cold and who had consulted her doctor without relief, to use Red Star Cough Cure, which she did in connection with an external application of St. Jacobs Oil to her side. The change wrought was most gratifying and astonishing. In the morning she was like a new person."

Ella Wheeler Wilcox, the poetess, says she goes to sleep "draped in soft, luxurious gloom." We go to sleep draped in a 42-cent nightshirt. Tastes differ.—Drake's Magazine.

Dr. Henley's Celery
Heat and Iron will prostrate the weak to health and vigor.

MEETING NOTICE.

Attention, Knights!—All sojourning members of the Order of Knights of Pythias, in good standing, are hereby cordially invited to be present at the Castle Hall of Mystic Lodge No. 2, on Thursday evening, February 19, 1885, and join with the members of the order in observance of the anniversary of Pythianism.

By order of the Committee of Arrangements,
D. E. BUCHANAN, Sec.

MARRIED.

At Pendleton, Or., Feb. 16 Robert J. Slater to Margaret E. Furnish, all of that place.

DIED.

In this city, Feb. 16, Mrs. Sophronia G. Fuller, wife of E. B. Fuller, aged 24 years, 4 months and 3 days.

Funeral from residence, corner Thirteenth and Mill streets at 2 P. M. to-day. Remains will be taken to Hamsack's for burial.

Advertisements such as "Wants," "Help Wanted," "To Let," "For Sale," etc., will be inserted for 10 cents per line first insertion, five cents per line thereafter. No insertion for less than 10 cents, and cash must be paid at the counter. No bill for collection less than 50 cents.

Deaths, Marriages and Births, 50 cents each. Resolutions of Societies 10 cents per line. All transient advertising payable to advance.

NEW TO-DAY.

THIRTEEN

Pounds of Dry Granulated Sugar for ONE DOLLAR at G. F. Meacham's, the People's Grocer, 281 and 283 Third, cor. Jefferson.

ALSO

STRICTLY CHOICE

California Roll Butter just received.

HOUSE WANTED.

WANTED—ON OR ABOUT APRIL 1, A HOUSE containing not less than ten rooms, and must be well located; home with stable preferred. Address, with particulars, TENANT, care Oregonian. 713tf

PORTLAND BOX FACTORY.

ALL KINDS OF BOXES ON HAND, MADE TO order, and promptly delivered. Factory Weidler's Mill. Office, First Nat. Bank building. Telephone 266 and 31. G. W. BATES, Prop'r.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

(Telegram.)

YALE, B. C., Feb. 9th, 1885.

To R. D. PITT, Portland:—Plenty of work for men who want work. M. J. HANEY.

Gen. Sup't Canad an Pacific Railroad.

Axemen, Rockmen and Laborers for the Canadian Pacific Railroad will require to register on or before Friday or Tuesday, to leave on Saturday or Wednesday, at No. 9 Washington st. R. D. PITT, Commissioner of Deeds for all States and Territories.

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED—COMPETENT SKIRT MAKERS and machine sewers and steady work. Apply immediately. MRS. G. H. BIBEE, 105 13 street. 727tf

FINE DRESS-MAKING—
LITT, THE LEADER.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—APPLY AT 255 West Park for particulars. 177

BARBER WANTED AT NO. 74 NORTH THIRD street; wages, $18 per week. 177

ONE SUITE OF ROOMS AT 193 SEVENTH ST., between Yamhill and Taylor. 177tf

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO HOUSEWORK. Apply 103 Sixth, near Washington st. 177

FOR SALE—CITY DENTAL OFFICE AND business for sale. Address DENTIST, care of Oregonian office. 177tf

FOR SALE—ON CARTER'S HILL, A NEAT little cottage and bath on quarter block. Apply on premises. L. SCOLLARD. 176w

SUNNY FRONT PARLOR, OR BACK PARLOR with fire place; suitable for married couple or two gentlemen; newly furnished; price $12. 89 Hall. 149

FOR RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED Mansard room with fire and board in private family; terms reasonable. Also table boarders accommodated. Apply at 161 Sixth st. 174

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.—A MEETING of the stockholders of the Northwest Publishing Co. will be held at 9 P. M. Saturday, Nov. 22, 1884.

A YOUNG MAN (AGED 19), WISHES EVENINGS or spare time to learn the printing business; can furnish references. Address R. F., care Oregonian. 172

MARRIED WOMAN DESIRES GENERAL housework two or three days in the week in new home in city. Apply at 324 North Seventh st. 172

SITUATION WANTED BY A COMPETENT woman to do cooking; or could do general housework in a small family. Call at 5 South Fourth.

WANTED TO RENT—A NEAT COTTAGE OF 5 to 8 rooms, with modern conveniences, in good part of town. Address "H. G.," P. O. Box 791, Portland.

WANTED—WORK BY A BOY ANYWHERE to keep me busy. Apply for J. H., 91 Fifth, bet. Ecan F. 171tf

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-aged lady as housekeeper; references given. Apply 111 Morrison street. 171tf

LOST—SUNDAY AFTERNOON, FROM A PIN, a crown set with 5 diamonds; liberal reward will be paid if left with B. L. STONE, corner First and Morrison streets. 171tf

A RELIABLE GIRL WANTS A SITUATION TO do up-stairs work and assist in care of children; good references required. Call for three days, at 52 Third street, between Stark and Oak. 171

WANTED—A GOOD, RELIABLE BOOKKEEPER to take charge of a set of books in a brewery. Apply at KREGAN'S employment agency, Inquire 225 First street, Room 8.

A MIDDLE-AGED AMERICAN LADY DESIRES to correspond with a limited number of gentlemen, with a view to matrimony; none but respectable persons need answer. Address A. L., care Oregonian.

$1000—PARTNER WANTED IN ESTABlished easy and gentlemanly business, paying from $20 to $100 per month; want sober, steady man. Apply to A. J. WELCH, 132½ First st. 170tf

DR. BK. STAGHOUND, CAPTAIN JACK'S second Cabin, Neither the captain nor the undersigned consignees of the above named vessel will be responsible for any debts that may be contracted by his crew. G. CESAR & BROS.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL TO TAKE CARE of a young baby and do up-stairs work; reference required; German or Scandinavian preferred. Apply at No. 136 West Park st, corner Alder, between A. M. and 4 P. M. 170tf

IMPORTED SWISS CHEESE, CREAM, LIMburger, etc. Finnemathie Herrings, German Pickles, Sauer Kraut Pickled Beans, German Smoked Beef Tongues, etc., at family grocery, 20 cents per dozen rates. Mrs. M. Baum, 36 Morrison, bet. 4th & 5th

STANDARD BOX FACTORY.

FOOT OF HARRISON ST; DRIED FRUIT, APple and all kinds of packing boxes. J. MOSAR & SON. 20tf

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

BUSINESS REQUIRING MY REMOVAL FROM the city for some years, will have become necessary to close up my affairs here without delay. I will therefore sell the following desirable properties as a whole at a large discount, on reasonable terms of payment viz:

NEAR STARK STREET FERRY, EAST PORTLAND

Lot 6, block 21;
E ½ lots 3 and 4, block 21.

NEAR HOGUE'S MILL:

Lots 7 and 8, block 14.

KERN'S ADDITION TO EAST PORTLAND:

Block A, 200 feet, water front.
Block G, 200 feet, water front.
Lots 2, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block B.
Lots 1, 6 and 7, block C.
Lot 1, block D.
Lots 1, 2, 7 and 8, block E.
Lots 1, 5, 6, and E ½ 4 and 8, block F.
Lots 1, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block G.
All of block J.
Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block K.
And a strip of land of about 1 acre.

$4500 in notes and mortgages.

When the above is sold, I will then lease my farm, adjoining East Portland, in ten and fifteen-acre tracts, for terms of five or eight years.

8 well stocked CARP PONDS.

ALSO

My Dairy Farm, stock cards and cattle scales, together with my residence.

For further particulars apply to my agents, Messrs. CREIGHTON & CO., 11 Stark st. J. W. KERN.

NEW TO-DAY.

THE CHORAL UNION.

GRAND

Instrumental and Vocal Concert

TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 17th.

NEW MARKET THEATER

Single Tickets for sale at music store of Simon Harris, 49 First street.

Admission $1; gallery 50 cents. 171

NEW TO-DAY.

CLOSING OUT SALE

POSITIVELY

Greater Reductions Than Ever.

$3 Black Braided Jerseys—
Reduced to..... $1 50

$15 Cloth Suits in all colors—
Reduced to..... $7 50

$10 Serge Skirts in all colors—
(Can be worn with Jerseys)
Reduced to..... $5 00

Immense Reductions in Children's Suits. Prices now $2 and $3, being just half former price for all sizes.

Underwear—Trimmed Chemises 35c—and balance of white garments regardless of value. Silk and Dress Goods Remnants actually being slaughtered at half the first cost.

REMEMBER,

Closing Out Sale!

EVERYTHING GOES!

AT

Mozart's Cloak & Suit House

NO. 70 MORRISON ST.

ROCKFORD WATCHES

Quick-Train Unequalled in EXACTING SERVICE

Used by U. S. Coast Service. Sold by reliable dealers everywhere. Send for illustrated pamphlet. Sold by principal retail jewelers throughout the country by exclusive agents (leading jewelers), with a Full Warranty.

Henrichsen & Greenberg, Sole Agents, Portland, Or.

SNOW FLAKE

Is an elegant article for nourishing and whitening the skin, for concealing freckles and disfigurations, removing tan and sunburn, it cannot be excelled. Price 50 cents per bottle. Manufactured and sold by

JOHN A. CHILD & CO., Druggists,

Cor. Morrison and Second Sts., Portland.

Allen's Brain Food arrests all involuntary discharges, removes mental despondency, and restores wonderful power to the generative organs. $1; by mail, $5. Druggists, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 318 1st ave. N. Y. 2

$8 Black Braided Jerseys—
Reduced to..... $1 50

$15 Cloth Suits in all colors—
Reduced to..... $7 50

$10 Serge Skirts in all colors—
(Can be worn with Jerseys)
Reduced to..... $5 00

Immense Reductions in Children's Suits. Prices now $2 and $3, being just half former price for all sizes.

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WANTED.

WANTED—ONE SECOND HAND UPRIGHT engine and boiler, from eight to ten horse power. Apply by letter to P. O. Box 652. 169

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED BY A GIRL TO DO cooking and housework; no washing. Apply to 281 Sixth street, near Main. 169

AN EXPERIENCED SEAMSTRESS DESIRES sewing by the day. Inquire at 255 Ankeny st., cor. 19th.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO housework in private family by a Swedish girl. Call at 302 Eighth, bet. Montgomery and Harrison. 156½

HELP WANTED.

HELP WAITING FOR PLACES; WOMEN'S room. MRS. PLATO, 0 Sears block.

AGENTS WANTED.

TEN EXPERIENCED SOLICITORS TO ACT AS general agents in Oregon and Washington Ter. A. L. BANCROFT & CO., 721 Market, San Francisco.

SURE SALES, BIG PROFITS, ON OUR SPLENdid, new subscription books. Active men and women wanted. Send for circulars and secure choice of territory. OCCIDENTAL PUBLISHING CO., 1120 Sutter st., San Francisco. 83tf

AN ACTIVE MAN WANTED TO HANDLE A good, clean, quick selling article; small capital; business established. Call 10 to 12, 209 Portland block, cor. Columbia and Front.

PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT—BEST BOOKS for agents published. Address J. K. ALLE & Co., Portland, Or. 6tfm

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A SALESMAN. APPLY AT ROOM 12, 3d floor, Stroh lithe bldg., N.W. cor. 1st & Alder.

HELP GOOD PLACES; GIRLS NEAR WAIT in women's com. Mrs. Plata Dakum 52.

TO RENT.

LAND TO RENT—TWENTY ACRES, NEAR the car shops, East Portland. Apply to P. W. GILLETTE, 27 Stark street. 125tf

AMUSEMENTS.

CASINO OPERA HOUSE.

Corner East Park and Washington, 2 streets.
A. S. GROSS..... Lessee and Manager.

Monday and Tuesday, Feb. 16 and 17, Last Performances of Planquette's Comic Operetta Starts.

THE CHIMES OF NORMANDY.

Bessie Louise King..... Germaine
Jeannie Winston..... Soprano to
Popular Prices, 25c and 50c. Reserved seats without extra charge at Morse's Palace of Art. Doors open at 7:15 P. M. Performance begins at 8.

A SERIES of ENTERTAINMENTS

Under the management of the Lyceum of Grace Church will be given in Grace Chapel, corner Eleventh and Taylor streets.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 4—Instrumental Music; Select String Quartette, Miscellaneous Readings and Recitations; Vocal Music, Mixed Quartettes and Solos.

WEDNESDAY, March 4—Pulcimer Soloist by Mr. E. Durand, assisted by Mr. A. P. Vemen. Stereopticon Pictures—London, Paris & Switzerland—with descriptive lecture by Prof. Cantenbein.

WEDNESDAY, March 11—Vocal and Instrumental Music. Lecture, "Polished Shafts," by J. S. A. Henry. The proceeds are for the purchase of a pipe for use in the church. Course Tickets $1. 167

TIVOLI THEATER.

Entirely Remodeled!—Everything New!

RICHARD CLINTON, Manager.

LEGITIMATE TEMPLE OF THE DRAMA

Presenting the Famous Comedian

JOHN S. LANGRISHE,

In the Society Play in five acts, th

SERPENT ON THE HEARTH!

Dress Circle 35c; orchestra 25c; parquette 15c. Reserved seats at Prent co's without extra charge.

MATINEES WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY

TWO EVENINGS' ENTERTAINMENTS,

At the New United Presbyterian Chapel, corner Sixth and Montgomery streets, both evenings, Tuesday evening at 8.

TABLEAUX, SONGS & RECITATIONS

By Mr. B. Ryan and W. Wis.

WEDNESDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock

VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT

By some of the best talent in the city. Programmes and small admission fee.

Each entertainment followed by one of those delightful Sociables which this congregation have always given. 167

CONCERT Y. M. C. A. HALL.

The Third Entertainment in the Course Will Take Place on

Monday Evening, Feb. 16, at 8 o'Clock.

The following is the
PROGRAMME:

Violin Solo.....Two Spanish Dances.....Mlynarski
(a) Allegro brioso;
(b) Con moto.
Edgar E. Coursen.

Aria.....Linda di Chamounix.....Donizetti
Mrs. Edgar E. Coursen.

Song.....Looking Back.....Sullivan
Mrs. O. A. Bullard.

Violin Solo.....Stradella.....Singelee
Edgar E. Coursen.

Song.....Sancta Maria.....Faure
Mrs. Edgar E. Coursen.

Song.....My Heart is O'er the Sea.....Claribel
Mrs. J. A. Child.

Reserved seats may be procured Monday at Sachtleben's music store, cor. First and Salmon sts. Price, 50c. Admission 25 cents

HAUSSMANN & NEUSTADTER

103 First Street.

New Cigar Store

NOW OPEN

With a complete stock of

IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS,

Also a full line of

KEY WEST AND DOMESTIC CIGARS,

TOBACCOS

AND

Smokers' Articles,

RUBBER STORE

Rubber Hunting Boots, Coats, Hats, Caps Gossamers, etc.

Rubber, Leather and Cotton Belting, Packing, Hose, etc.

PRESTON, NOTT & CO.

164 First Street.

FOR SCHOOL CLERK.

TO THE VOTERS OF SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 In the city of Portland, Oregon: As I have long served you in the Portland postoffice at one all competition, to the best of my ability, and desiring a change in business, I would like the office of School Clerk of this school district, and offer myself as a candidate for that position at the school election of March next. Respectfully, W. L. CHITTICK, Jr.

Portland, Oregon, Jan. 17, 1885. 16tm 29

SCHOOL CLERK.

I HEREBY ANNOUNCE MYSELF AS A CANDIdate for School Clerk of District No. 1, at the election to be held March 9th, 1885, and take the opportunity to thank my friends and the voters of the district for their very cordial support last March, and respectfully ask their further support at the ensuing election. 161tf T. T. STRATTON.

SCHOOL CLERK.

I HEREBY ANNOUNCE MYSELF AS A CANDIdate for Clerk of School District No. 1, and respectfully solicit the support of my friends and the voters of the district for their suffrages.

GEORGE P. TENT.

ST. HELEN'S HALL.

A Boarding and Day School for Girls, under the Supervision of the Rt. Rev. B. Wistar Morris.

THE EASTER TERM BEGINS WEDNESDAY, Jan. 21. Thorough Instruction in English, Music, Drawing, Painting and Languages. For catalogue or for information apply to

MISS ROBNEY, Principal,
Portland, Or.

WE ARE PREPARED

To fill all orders for the

Famous Kicker Jeans.

Just received 50 cases

WILZINSKI BROS. & CO.,
Portland.

EVERDING & FARRELL,

DEALERS IN

Hay, Bran, Middlings, Chops, Oats, Wheat, Oil Meal, and Feed of all kinds; also Groceries and Provisions.

FRONT AND ALDER STREETS.

C. F. WILCOX,

News Dealer & Stationer.

All the Leading Newspapers and Periodicals in Stock. Subscriptions a specialty.

S. W. corner First and Oak sts., Portland, Or.

TO LET—ROOMS.

COMFORTABLE FRONT AND BACK ROOMS for rent suitable for single gentlemen, or gentleman and wife, with privilege of cook if desired. 55 Washington st., opposite Donnell building. 126tf

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED PLEASANT rooms, at 99 N. West Park, bet. Flanders and Glisan. 110tf

NICELY FURNISHED PLEASANT ROOMS, with fire, bath and other conveniences. 130 Yamhill street. 101tf

FOR RENT—A WELL FURNISHED ROOM, suitable for one or two gentlemen, at 111 Seventh street, corner of Taylor. 77tf

FOR RENT TO FIRST CLASS ROOMERS, NEWly furnished room; gentlemen preferred. McGinn's block, N. Washington, cor. 7th. MRS. HOFGEITZ.

A LARGE ROOM FOR HALL, FRONT AND Washington sts. B. KILLIN, room 1, Dekum's block. 57tf

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, EN SUITE OR single, in private family; 429 Ninth st., between Main and Salmon. 31tf

FOR RENT—A WELL FURNISHED ROOM suitable for one or two gentlemen, where there are no other rooms. Apply at 22 21, N.E. cor. Market.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with privilege of bath. Northwest corner of Third and Caruthers.

A GENTLEMAN WANTED TO HANDLE A good, clean, quick selling article; small capital; business established. Call 10 to 12, 209 Portland block, cor. Columbia and Front.

PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT—BEST BOOKS for agents published. Address J. K. ALLE & Co., Portland, Or. 6tfm

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A SALESMAN. APPLY AT ROOM 12, 3d floor, Stroh lithe bldg., N.W. cor. 1st & Alder.

HELP GOOD PLACES; GIRLS NEAR WAIT in women's com. Mrs. Plata Dakum 52.

TO RENT.

LAND TO RENT—TWENTY ACRES, NEAR the car shops, East Portland. Apply to P. W. GILLETTE, 27 Stark street. 125tf

AMUSEMENTS.

CASINO OPERA HOUSE.

Corner East Park and Washington, 2 streets.
A. S. GROSS..... Lessee and Manager.

Monday and Tuesday, Feb. 16 and 17, Last Performances of Planquette's Comic Operetta Starts.

THE CHIMES OF NORMANDY.

Bessie Louise King..... Germaine
Jeannie Winston..... Soprano to
Popular Prices, 25c and 50c. Reserved seats without extra charge at Morse's Palace of Art. Doors open at 7:15 P. M. Performance begins at 8.

A SERIES of ENTERTAINMENTS

Under the management of the Lyceum of Grace Church will be given in Grace Chapel, corner Eleventh and Taylor streets.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 4—Instrumental Music; Select String Quartette, Miscellaneous Readings and Recitations; Vocal Music, Mixed Quartettes and Solos.

WEDNESDAY, March 4—Pulcimer Soloist by Mr. E. Durand, assisted by Mr. A. P. Vemen. Stereopticon Pictures—London, Paris & Switzerland—with descriptive lecture by Prof. Cantenbein.

WEDNESDAY, March 11—Vocal and Instrumental Music. Lecture, "Polished Shafts," by J. S. A. Henry. The proceeds are for the purchase of a pipe for use in the church. Course Tickets $1. 167

TIVOLI THEATER.

Entirely Remodeled!—Everything New!

RICHARD CLINTON, Manager.

LEGITIMATE TEMPLE OF THE DRAMA

Presenting the Famous Comedian

JOHN S. LANGRISHE,

In the Society Play in five acts, th

SERPENT ON THE HEARTH!

Dress Circle 35c; orchestra 25c; parquette 15c. Reserved seats at Prent co's without extra charge.

MATINEES WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY

TWO EVENINGS' ENTERTAINMENTS,

At the New United Presbyterian Chapel, corner Sixth and Montgomery streets, both evenings, Tuesday evening at 8.

TABLEAUX, SONGS & RECITATIONS

By Mr. B. Ryan and W. Wis.

WEDNESDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock

VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT

By some of the best talent in the city. Programmes and small admission fee.

Each entertainment followed by one of those delightful Sociables which this congregation have always given. 167

CONCERT Y. M. C. A. HALL.

The Third Entertainment in the Course Will Take Place on

Monday Evening

The Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 17, 1885.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, Feb. 16, 7:49 P. M.

Place of Observation.	Highest Barom.	Change last 3 Hours.	Lowest Temp.	Wind Direction	Wind Velocity	State of Weather
Portland	29.97	—.01	44	Calm	.00	Cloudy
Walla Walla	29.94	—.01	39	Calm	.00	Clear
Dalles			50	S	.01	Light Rain
Lakeview	30.10	—.11	55	S	.00	Clear
Red Bluff	30.02	—.11	56	S	.00	Clear
Sacramento	30.08	—.08	47	NE	.00	Fair
San Francisco	30.18		37	Calm	.00	Clear
Los Angeles			42	SW	.00	Clear

Minimum thermometer, 43; maximum, 53.

OUR LETTER-BOX.

Am. J., Abner.....Reta.....B M B.....C E, 2.....Dan, 6
D D V.....G B.....Mak, 3.....O L M.....H K, 4.....
Allen, 2.....S S S.....S T V.....W H.....V D, 2.

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

Passed Medford last night to arrive here to-day: A Seaman and family, San Francisco.

BRIEF MENTION.

A cyclone prevailed in eastern Oregon yesterday.

The president signed the bill forfeiting the Wisconsin railroad land grant on February 8.

The county court house begins to look old and shabby, and some repairs to it are needed.

The High school alumni gave a most enjoyable reception and ball to the graduating class at Scottish hall last evening.

The grand jury yesterday returned "a true bill" in the case of Frank Howard, charged with threatening to kill Molly Berdan.

The case of William Tillard against the Western Union telegraph company for damages was considered yesterday in the U. S. district court.

The cigar stand of A. McGillis, in front of the Standard theater, was closed yesterday by the sheriff on an attachment in favor of L. R. Dawson for $75.

W. E. Merrill, the bicyclist, will give an exhibition at Eugene City on Friday. He will be accompanied by J. Mancket, the champion bicycler of Oregon.

Mrs. Ryan, who runs a saloon out on West Park street, was yesterday fined $10 for disorderly conduct, the charge being preferred by Policeman Hickey.

A Mexican sea turtle weighing 150 pounds, lying in front of Fred Ernst's at the Casino, created no little amusement for the children of the neighborhood.

The ninth volume of Sawyer's United States Court reports for the ninth district, for 1883-4, is out. More than half of the decisions contained therein are by Judge Deady.

The British bark Kincardineshire finished loading yesterday and leaves down to-day. She carries 1940 long tons on 19 feet 7 inches draught and goes to sea on an even keel.

The Grismer-Davies combination return here next Monday, the 23d inst., and will produce "Called Back," the melodrama which was a great success east and in San Francisco.

James J. Jones of East Portland, aged 15, fell into the river at the foot of M street in that city Sunday afternoon, but was saved from drowning by a young man named Wells Payne, who plunged into the water to his assistance.

Suit was commenced in the state circuit court yesterday by K. C. Payne against George A. Beck of East Portland to recover the sum of $1350, alleged to be due him for money loaned and for services as foreman in Beck's livery stable.

At the meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union yesterday a resolution was passed declaring the wives of the different ministers of the city candidates for the crazy quilt now on exhibition in the window of Powers' furniture store.

The Busy Bees and Willing Workers at the new chapel corner Sixth and Montgomery streets to-night at 7:30 o'clock; a rich entertainment followed by a social and refreshments. Concert to-morrow evening. The admission to each is only 25 cents; see advertisement.

Rev. J. F. Steen of Philadelphia, who came to this coast a few months ago with two locomotives for the Canadian Pacific railway, is again in this city. Both the engines met with accidents, one falling through a trestle and the other through a bridge, and are now in the shops for repairs.

A bay horse, with a pair of shafts and two wheels, came running down First street yesterday afternoon, colliding with an electric light pole in front of Woods the hatter's, where the animal was taken in charge by a policeman. Where he started from or who he belonged to was not known.

A band of Second Adventists located at Los Angeles, has pronounced his section of country that the world is sure to end this time on September 6, 1885. The announcement is made through the columns of a paper called the *Last Angel's Trumpet Call*, and the editor was not long ago an inmate of the Stockton insane asylum.

A party of hunters visited Sauvies' island Sunday on the steamer Calliope. They saw lots of ducks but did not bring home many. The Calliope went up Gilbert river into Sturgeon lake and got a ton of hay. The farmers up there were very hospitable, and treated the boys on board to egg nog and other good things.

In the police court yesterday nine Chinamen forfeited $10 bail each for indulging in the amusement of exploding fire crackers at an hour forbidden by law. Jackson Anderson, a Tuscarora Indian of 15 years, who participated in celebrating the Chinese New Year, had no $10 to put up, so was sent to jail for five days. For all parties to come he will let the Chinese to their own celebrating.

H. F. GULLIXSON & Co. are closing out their carpets at cost on account of retiring from business.

Delicacies.

Next Saturday, Fred Ernst, at the Casino Restaurant, will serve terrapin stew, on Sunday, green turtle soup, steaks and terrapin stew, together with all other delicacies of the season.

Have you seen that 2½ karat pure white diamond, with a job lot of old mine stones at $55 a karat, worth $25 a karat, at Carr's Palace Loan Office, 90 First street.

Trunks Repaired

At HARRIS & Co's. First street, near Pine.

"Dekker," by the author of "House on the Marsh," Fenard Dekker & Co's, 49 Washington st.

CITY NOTICES.

Prentice's Music Store.

Go to Kern's for oysters.

Dan Drescher choice cuts; Duffy, First and Jefferson.

WISDOM'S PRESCRIPTION PHARMACY. — First and Main streets.

PIONEER WOOD YARD—At the old stand, foot of Jefferson street.

Barber, the locksmith and sewing machine repairer, 84 1/2 Yamhill.

Beltwear & Sons' pianos—best in the world. H. Sinsheimer, agent, 214 First street.

For a good feed and a nice meal go to the Oregon Hotel, First and D streets.

TOWNE & HOOPER, artistic photographers, corner Fifth and Morrison streets.

Meals 25 cents; first-class at Knickerbocker, 67½ Washington street, up-stairs.

Choice brands of wines, liquors and cigars at the Metropolitan, corner First and Alder.

After the opera is over go to Fred Ernst's for Oysters and Refreshments, Casino building.

Everybody take coffee at H. Greiner's Bon Ton coffee house and check restaurant, 9 North First.

Perfect photography in all its branches. Sabell & Ross, 29 Washington st. Take the elevator.

REMOVAL.—Ferguson & Davis' hair-cutting headquarters now at No. 90 First st. Every man an artist.

Lightning Process, for children and nervous people, at Abell & Ross, 29 Washington st. Take the elevator. Sign of the Big Camera.

Everybody patronize Fred Ernst's Casino restaurant, Second street, between Yamhill and Taylor.

Bargains in all kinds of second-hand furniture, stoves, carpets, etc., at Portland Second-hand Store, 129 First street.

Ladies, you can get your hair cut, shampooed, dressed, curled, or anything else you want done, at Ferguson & Davis', 90 First st. Every man an artist.

Lightning Process, for children and nervous people, at Abell & Ross, 29 Washington st. Take the elevator. Sign of the Big Camera.

Perfect photography in all its branches. Ab